Maths-Y10H

MAGHULL HIGH SCHOOL - CURRICULUM MAP



HALF TERM 2	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7
NOV - DEC	w/b 4 th Nov	w/b 11 th Nov	w/b 18 th Nov	w/b 25 th Nov	w/b 2 nd Dec	w/b 9 th Dec	w/b 16 th Dec
TOPIC (S)	Surds	Surds	Assessment	Constructions and Loci	Congruence and Similarity	Congruence and Similarity	Algebra Recap and Extension
		(Standard Form					
		recap)					

Knowledge & Skills development

Surds

calculate exactly with surds

simplify surd expressions involving squares e.g. $\sqrt{12} = \sqrt{4 \times 3} = \sqrt{4} \times \sqrt{3} = 2\sqrt{3}$ and rationalise denominators recognise and use simple geometric progressions (r^n where n is an integer and r is a surd)

Standard Form recap

understand and use place value (eg when working with very large or very small numbers) calculate with and interpret standard form $A \times 10n$, where $1 \le A < 10$ and n is an integer

- with and without a calculator
- interpret calculator displays

Constructions and Loci

use the standard ruler and compass constructions:

- perpendicular bisector of a line segment
- constructing a perpendicular to a given line from/at a given point
- bisecting a given angle

know that the perpendicular distance from a point to a line is the shortest distance to the line use the standard ruler and compass constructions to construct given figures and solve loci problems

Congruence and Similarity

use the basic congruence criteria for triangles (SSS, SAS, ASA, RHS)

apply angle facts, triangle congruence, similarity and properties of quadrilaterals to conjecture and derive results about angles and sides, including:

- Pythagoras' theorem
- the fact that the base angles of an isosceles triangle are equal
- use known results to obtain simple proofs

apply the concepts of congruence and similarity, including the relationships between lengths, areas and volumes in similar figures

Algebra recap and extension

Solve linear equations in one unknown algebraically including those with the unknown on both sides of the equation

Use the form y = mx + c to identify parallel lines and perpendicular lines

Find the equation of the line through two given points, or through one point with a given gradient

Assessment /	Topic assessments	Self-assessment	Homework	Formative teacher	Retrieval practice					
Feedback		sheets		assessment -						
Opportunities				verbal						
Cultural Capital	Use of standard form in science									
ĺ	Real life application of Construction and Loci									
	Collating evidence to support proofs									
SMSC / Promoting	Willingness to participate in, and respond to mathematical opportunities. Use of social skills in different contexts, including working and socialising									
British Values	with pupils from different religious, ethnic and socio-economic backgrounds.									
(Democracy, Liberty, Rule of Law, Tolerance &										
Respect)										
Reading	What's the point of maths?									
opportunities	Humble Pi									
Key Vocabulary	Surds, rationalise, standard form, index, place value, integer, construction, locus, loci, perpendicular, bisect, equidistant, congruent, similar, proc scale factor, expressions, equations, formulae, identities, inequalities, terms, factors, gradient, reciprocal.									
Digital Literacy	Geogebra									
Careers	Engineering, Busines	ss, Medical, Science.								
I										